

The Dutch way: farming without conventional manure

**Geert-Jan van der Burgt
27 November 2013**

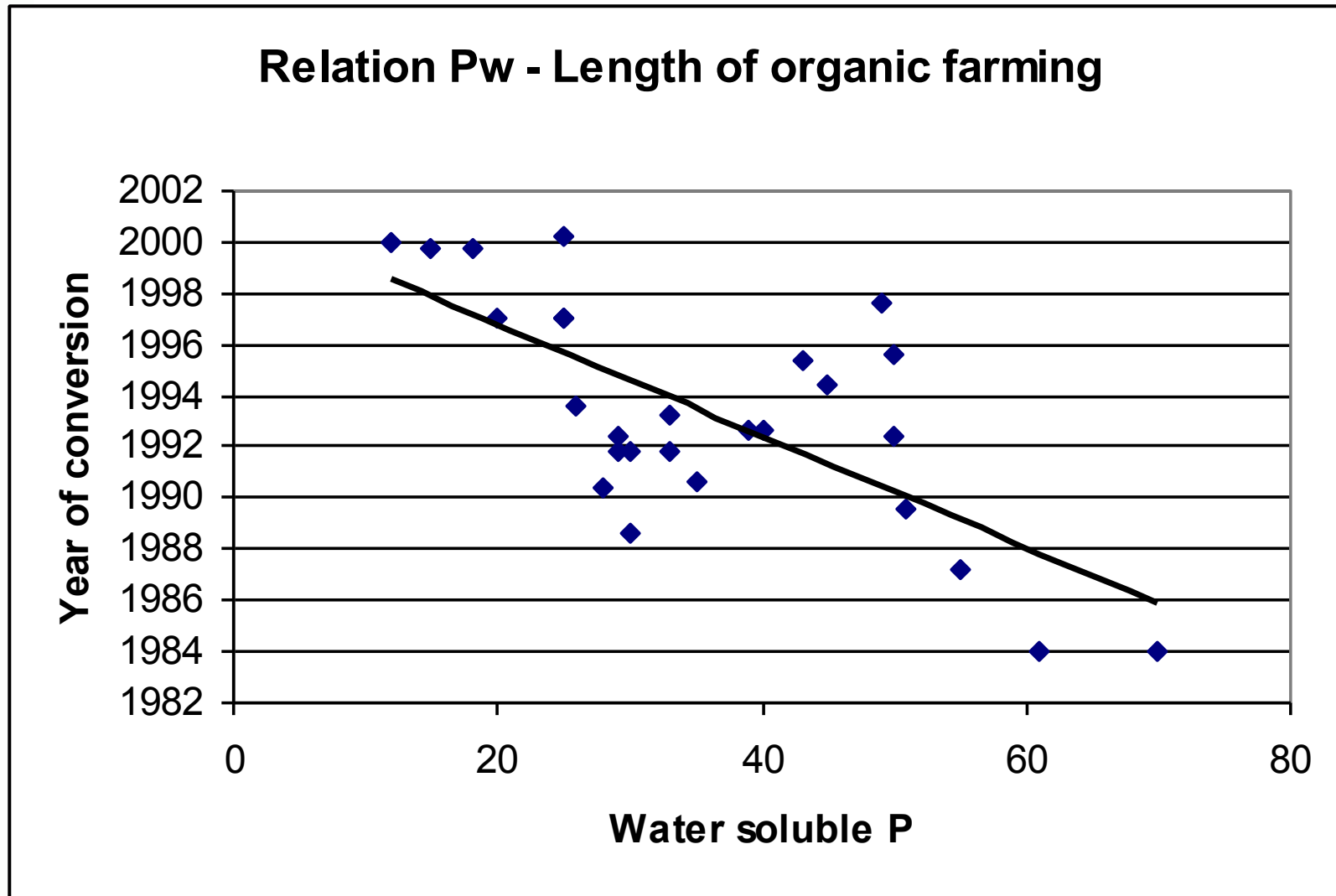
Beginning of this century:

- Many farms (arable, horticultural) use manure from conventional farming
- Manure from intensive conventional farming not allowed (EU)
- Surplusses of P in farm mineral balances

Is this a problem?

- **Imago: real organic farming**
- **Risk: input of undesired materials**
- **Environment: surpluses of P**

Accumulation of P



Adapted from: Bokhorst (2011): Bemesting in de biologische akker- en tuinbouw bij bodems met een hoge fosfaattoestand

Action!

- **Governmental pressure**
- **Farmers association came with a plan:**
 - **Step by step obligatory more use of manure from organic origin. List of “A” manures (organic), B (conventional, allowed) and C (not allowed)**
 - **Obligation to sell organic manure within the organic sector**
 - **Manure exchange platform**

Step by step:

Planning

Year	Minimum %
2010	50%
2012	60%
2014	70%
2016	80%
2018	90%
2020	90/100%

Realized

Year	Minimum %
2010	50%
2012	60%
2015	70%

Expected challenges:

- **Shortage of organic manure**
- **Disbalance: poultry manure not desired by arable / horticultural farmers (N/P ratio)**
- **Increased price for organic manure (negative price for organic poultry manure?)**

Adaptation of soil fertility strategies (1)

Dairy farms

Sell manure, buy P and K (if needed; based on farm mineral balances). Clover-grass does not need N-applications.

Adaptation of soil fertility strategies (2): Arable / horticultural farms

More effective / efficient use of N:

- **less manure**
- **intelligent rotation / crop choice**
- **intelligent manure choice and application**
- **increased farm-based N-fixation**
- **catch crops for N-transfer fall -> spring**

Two tools

- **Cut&Carry fertilizers**
- **Model calculations of N-availability:
the NDICEA model**

Cut&Carry fertilizers

clover-grass or lucerne, cut, and applied
ON ANOTHER FIELD

Degrees of freedom* for Nitrogen (compared to mulching or ploughing):

- Time
- Amount
- Location

Results: see www.louisbolk.org , publications, maaimeststof

* Van der Burgt and Timmermans (red)(2008). Soil Nitrogen: research and extension. Proceedings QLIF seminar, 13-15 February 2008, Driebergen, The Netherlands

LOUIS BOLK
I N S T I T U U T



de natuurlijke kennisbron







WWW.NDICEA.NL

- Free download
- Easy to use
- Danish / English

• Output:

- Nitrogen availability
- Leaching
- Organic matter
- Mineral balance

VP Biologisch met compost

Fortsæt

Region
Limburg noord

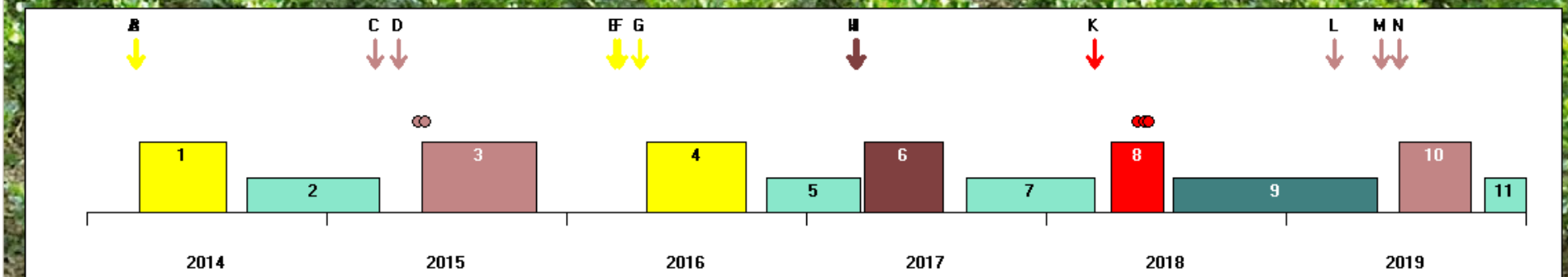
Jordbund
Muldlag:
Lerblandet sandjord
Undergrund:
Lerblandet sandjord

1-2014	Vårbyg
2-2014	Korn
3-2015	Gulerod, vinter
4-2016	Majs, ensilage
5-2016	Korn
6-2017	Kartoffel
7-2017	Korn
8-2018	Konservesærter
9-2018	Kløvergræs
10-2019	Porre, efterår
11-2019	Korn

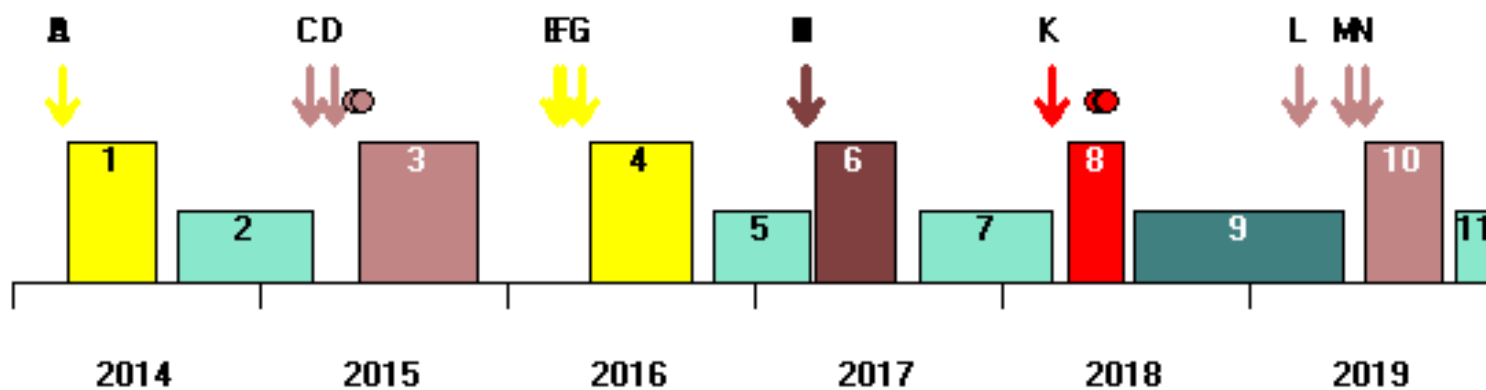
Afgroeder

A-2014	Kompost
B-2014	Kvæg gylle
C-2015	Kompost
D-2015	Kvæg gylle
E-2016	Kompost
F-2016	Kvæggødning frisk
G-2016	Kvæg gylle
H-2017	Kompost
I-2017	Kvæg gylle
J-2017	Kvæggødning frisk
K-2018	Kompost
L-2019	Kompost
M-2019	Kvæg gylle
N-2019	Vinasse, flydende

Gødning

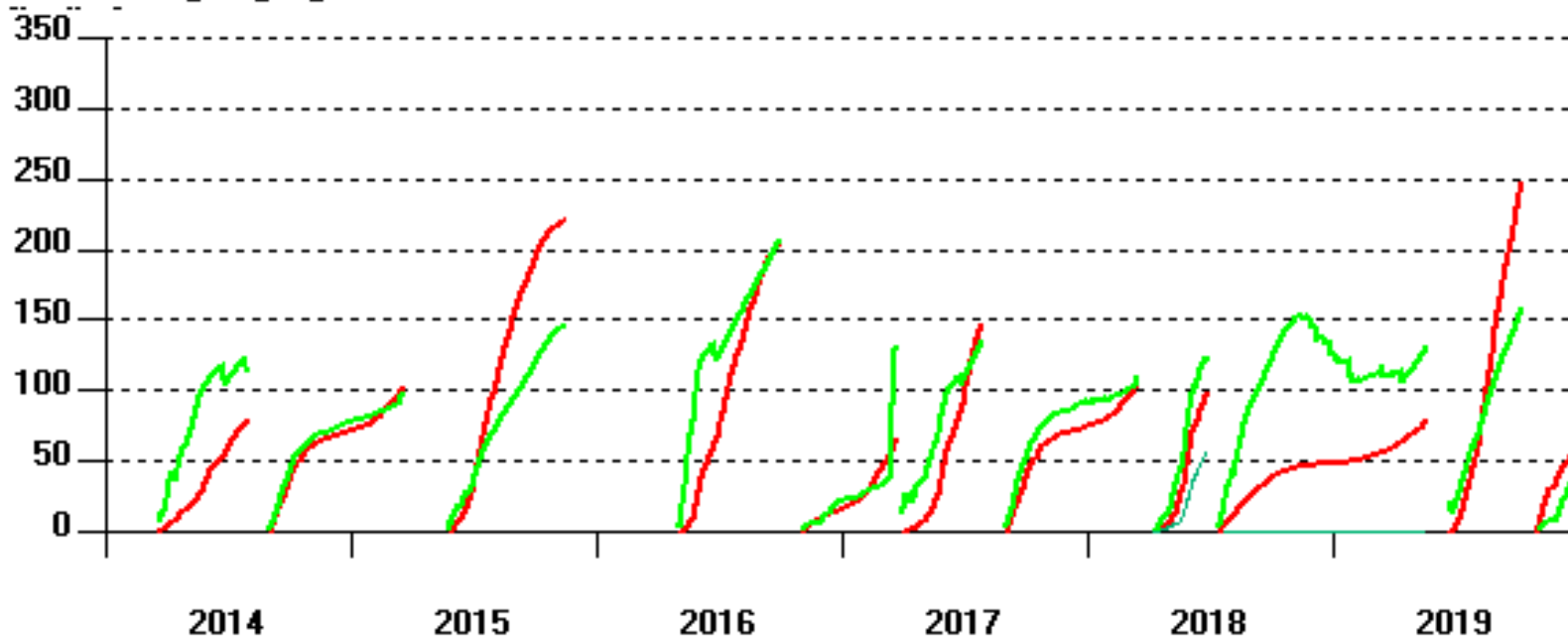


NDICEA



Kumulativ kvælstofstilgængelighed/-absorberii

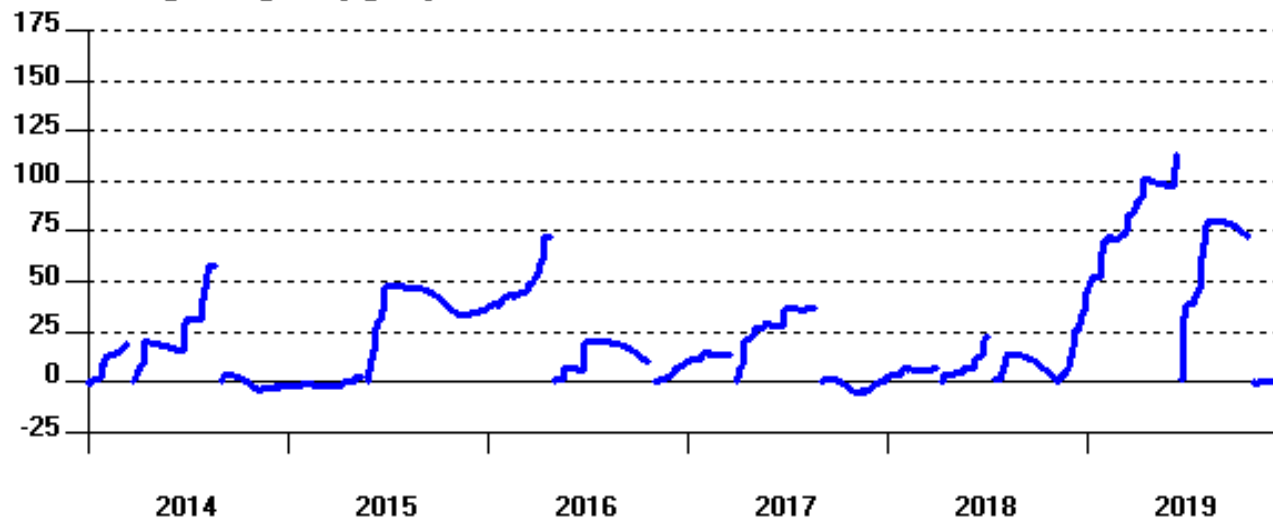
— tilgængelig — absorption — binding



LOUIS BOLK
I N S T I T U T

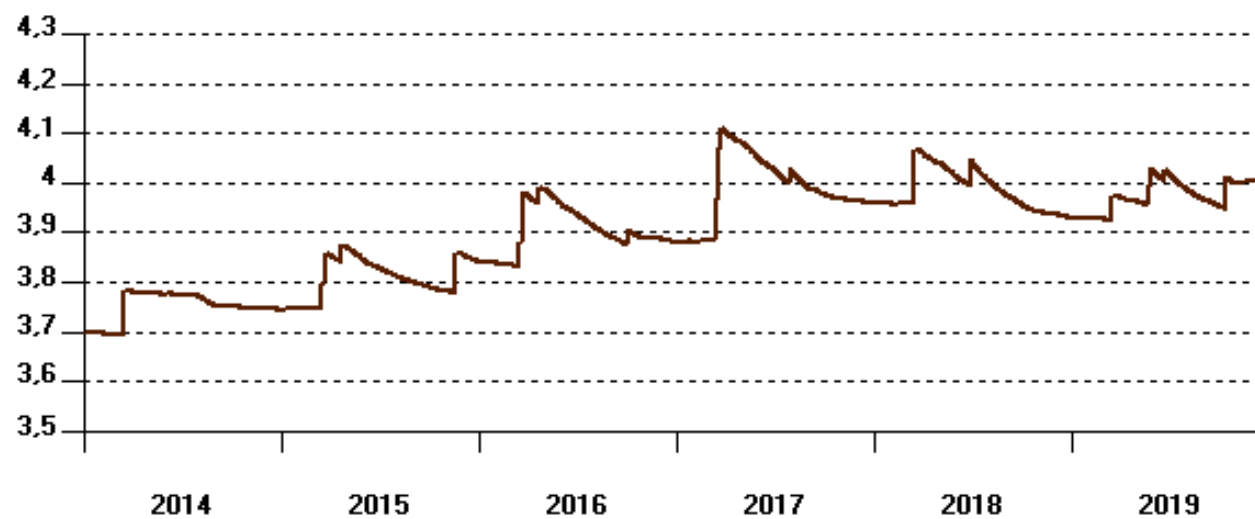
NDICEA

Kvælstof: kumulativ udvaskning og denitrificering undergrund [kg/ha].



Organisk stof i muldlag [%]

— Forløb 1



NDICEA

Example of use of C&C fertilizers and NDICEA:

Burgt, G.J.H.M. van der, M. Bus (2012)

- **PlantyOrganic; Design and results 2012. Report 2012-048 LbP. Louis Bolk Instituut, Driebergen. 37 p.**

<http://www.louisbolk.org/downloads/2709.pdf>

10 reports hard-copy available here

Thanks for your attention

g.vanderburgt@louisbolk.nl